

## Predictive Maintenance Strategy Knowledge Assessment

1. Predictive maintenance (PdM) is a philosophy that applies technologies to predict failure.

	True
	False
2.	Jason was performing a normal inspection round on his assigned machines. He checked the gauges to ensure temperature was within range and made sure the machine sounded like it was running normally, not under unique stress. Jason noticed the mounting bolts might have shifted slightly from the bolt-tightening marker. The machine didn't feel different, but Jason wrote the discrepancy down anyway. Which predictive technology was Jason using to investigate the machine?
	Vibration analysis
	Ultrasonic
	Visual inspection
	Motor analysis
3.	Which of the following are benefits of effective PdM application? (check all that apply)
	Reduced labor hours
	Reduced lost production
	Reduced inventory
	Extension of equipment life
4.	A bearing vendor notified MRO Stores that they recently discovered a manufacturing defect that involved bearings shipped to your facility. Some of those bearings may have been used for repairs prior to the notification. Of the technologies listed below, which could be used to identify if a bad bearing might have been used? (check all that apply)
	Vibration analysis
	Ultrasonic
	Visual inspection
	Motor analysis
	Thermography
5.	Regardless of the PdM technologies chosen for your program, there should be at least one full-time analyst on staff to gather, interpret data and make data-driven decisions.

True False



6. Each time oil is added to a reduction gearset, in-house oil analysis confirms that contamination levels increase. This was accompanied by an increase in bearing and gear failures. What other predictive technology could be used to determine <u>additional damage caused from contamination</u>?

Thermography

Ultrasonic

Visual inspection

Vibration analysis

7. The focus of a predictive maintenance program is (check all that apply):

Prevention of catastrophic failures

Reliability of critical production systems

Reliability and total cost of ownership (TCO) of critical production systems

Plant performance optimization

8. Predictive maintenance is limited to three technologies: vibration monitoring, thermography and tribology.

True

False

9. Which of the following elements define a PdM program (check all that apply)?

Utilization of technology tools

Schedule maintenance repairs in periodic time intervals

Measurement of machine condition

Schedule maintenance "as-needed"

10. A predictive maintenance program:

Eliminates corrective maintenance work

Typically requires 50% less maintenance staff

Is only effective when findings are converted to proactive corrective work

Will eliminate 100% of unplanned failures

11. Select the 3 elements to complete the following failure model:



Failure Mode, effect on user, root cause

Effect on user, function, failure mode

Function, root cause, failure mode

Root cause, failure mode, effect on user



12.	Thermography measurements require an unobstructed "line of sight" between the IR measurement tool and the asset or component being analyzed.
	True
	False
13.	What is the <i>best place to start</i> when determining which assets to first include in a PdM program?
	Ask an experienced member of the site leadership team
	Identify the equipment in worst physical condition
	List the top 10 assets by number of work order requests
	Conduct a criticality analysis
14.	An internal PdM procedure should include program roles and responsibilities, how to apply technologies within the site, how to report findings and repairs and
	Specific contractors to hire
	Actions required depending on findings
	A static number of employees to staff the overall program
15.	Equipment vendors and contractors should provide all needed training for your staff to manage a PdM program.
	True
	False